

# Package ‘jlsm’

October 13, 2022

**Type** Package

**Title** Joint Latent Space Model for Social Networks with Multivariate Attributes

**Version** 0.1.0

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**Description** Joint latent space models for social networks and multivariate attributes using a fast inference approach (Wang et al. (2019) <[arXiv:1910.12128](#)>).

**License** GPL (>= 2)

**Encoding** UTF-8

**LazyData** true

**Depends** R (>= 3.5), MASS

**Imports** stats, utils, graphics, ellipse, mvtnorm, expm, boot, matrixcalc, lvm4net, pROC, network, Matrix, grDevices

**RoxygenNote** 7.1.1

**NeedsCompilation** no

**Repository** CRAN

**Date/Publication** 2021-02-16 10:00:03 UTC

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jlsm-package	<i>Create Joint Latent Space Model for Social networks and Multivariate Attributes</i>
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**Description**

jlsm provides a set of latent space models for jointly modeling unipartite social networks with bipartite attribute networks. The latent space models are implemented using the variational inference approach.

**Details**

Latent space models for bipartite networks: the function `blsm` implements the bipartite latent space model (BLSM) outlined in Wang et al. (2021) using variational inference and squared Euclidian distance; the function `aplsm` implements person and attribute latent space model (APLSM) introduced by Wang et.al (2021). These models assume that the person and attribute information can be summarized by latent person and attribute variables. Both the Euclidean distances and the vector distances are used to describe relationships among persons and between persons and attributes.

**References**

Wang, S. S., Paul, S., Logan, J., & De Boeck, P. (2019). Joint analysis of social and item response networks with latent space models. arXiv preprint arXiv:1910.12128.

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aplsm	<i>The Attribute Person Latent Space model</i>
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**Description**

Jointly model social network with multivariate attributes

**Usage**

```
aplsm(Niter, Y.i, Y.ia, D, type)
```

**Arguments**

Niter	number of iterations
Y.i	N by N matrix containing the binary social network
Y.ia	N by M matrix containing the binary multivariate attributes
D	number of dimensions in the data
type	character indicating the types of model. It could be "DD", distance by distance model, "DV", distance by vector model, "VV", vector by vector model

**Value**

list containing:

- `lsmhEZ.i` ( $N \times D$ ) matrix containing the posterior means of the latent person positions
- `lsmhEZ.a` ( $M \times D$ ) matrix containing the posterior means of the latent item positions
- `lsmhVZ.0` ( $D \times D$ ) matrix containing the posterior variance of the latent person positions
- `lsmhVZ.1` ( $D \times D$ ) matrix containing the posterior variance of the latent item positions
- `lsmhAlpha.0` scaler of mean of the posterior distributions of  $\alpha.0$
- `lsmhAlpha.1` scaler of mean of the posterior distributions of  $\alpha.1$
- `lsmhKL` expected log-likelihood

**Examples**

```
attach(french)
a=aplsm(Niter=5,Y.i, Y.ia, D=2, type="DD")
```

---

blsm

*The Bipartite Latent Space Model*


---

**Description**

Function to fit the bipartite latent space model (BLSM) outlined in Wang et al. (2021)

**Usage**

```
blsm(Niter, Y.ia, D)
```

**Arguments**

<code>Niter</code>	number of iterations
<code>Y.ia</code>	$N$ by $M$ matrix containing the binary multivariate attributes
<code>D</code>	number of dimensions in the data

**Value**

list containing:

- `lsmhEZ.i` ( $N \times D$ ) matrix containing the posterior means of the latent person positions
- `lsmhEZ.a` ( $M \times D$ ) matrix containing the posterior means of the latent item positions
- `lsmhVZ.0` ( $D \times D$ ) matrix containing the posterior variance of the latent person positions
- `lsmhVZ.1` ( $D \times D$ ) matrix containing the posterior variance of the latent item positions
- `lsmhAlpha.1` scaler of mean of the posterior distributions of  $\alpha.1$
- `lsmhKL` expected log-likelihood

**Examples**

```
attach(french)
a=b1sm(Niter=10,Y.ia,D=2)
```

---

french

*French Elites Social Networks and Multivariate Attributes*


---

**Description**

The dataset contains a social network of french financial elites and their multivariate attributes It includes social interaction between 28 elites and their binary responses to 13 questions. The data were downloaded from the social network Repository created by Prof. Linton Freeman.

**Usage**

```
french
```

**Format**

List including a binary adjacency matrix and a binary multivariate attributes

**Details**

social network and multivariate attributes

---

GOFap1sm

*Assess the fit of the APLSM*


---

**Description**

assess the fit of the model using ROC curves and auc values

**Usage**

```
GOFap1sm(model, type, Y.i, Y.ia)
```

**Arguments**

model	object of class the APLSM
type	character indicating the types of model. It could be "DD", distance by distance model, "DV", distance by vector model, "VV", vector by vector model
Y.i	N by N matrix containing the binary social network
Y.ia	N by M matrix containing the binary multivariate attributes

**Value**

list containing:

- `Yi.auc` scalar of the area under the curve for the social network
- `Ya.auc` scalar of the area under the curve for the multivariate covariates

**Examples**

```
attach(french)
b=aplsm(Niter=3,Y.i, Y.ia,D=2, type="DD")
GOFaplsm(b, "DD",Y.i, Y.ia)
```

---

Gofblsm

*Assess the fit of the BLSM*

---

**Description**

assess the fit of the model using ROC curves and auc values

**Usage**

```
Gofblsm(model, Y.ia)
```

**Arguments**

<code>model</code>	object of class BLSM
<code>Y.ia</code>	N by M matrix containing the binary item response matrix

**Value**

scalar containing:

- `Ya.auc` scalar of the area under the curve for the multivariate covariates

**Examples**

```
attach(french)
a=blsm(Niter=5,Y.ia,D=2)
Gofblsm(a,Y.ia)
```

**Description**

plot the joint latent space with two types of nodes and two types of relations

**Usage**

```
Plotaplsm(
  Y.i,
  Y.ia,
  model,
  labels = NULL,
  plottedgesSocial = TRUE,
  plottedgesBipartite = FALSE,
  xlab = "",
  ylab = "",
  edgecolor = "black",
  colEll.i = rgb(0.6, 0.6, 0.6, alpha = 0.1),
  colEll.ia = rgb(1, 0.6, 0.6, alpha = 0.1),
  LEVEL = 0.8,
  pchplot = 20,
  pchEll = 19,
  pchPl = 19,
  cexPl = 1.1,
  arrowhead = FALSE,
  curve = 0,
  xlim = c(-2, 2),
  ylim = c(-2, 2),
  lwdLine = 0.001,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

<code>Y.i</code>	N by N matrix containing the binary social network
<code>Y.ia</code>	N by M matrix containing the binary multivariate attributes
<code>model</code>	model output from the APLSM
<code>labels</code>	vector of characters containing the attribute names
<code>plottedgesSocial</code>	TRUE or FALSE, whether the social network edges should be plotted
<code>plottedgesBipartite</code>	TRUE or FALSE, whether the bipartite edges should be plotted
<code>xlab</code>	name of the x axis

ylab	name of the y axis
edgecolor	color of the edge. Default edgecolor = "black"
colE11.i	col for the ellipses of persons. Default rgb(.6, .6, .6, alpha=.1)
colE11.ia	col for the ellipses of attributes. Default rgb(1, .6, .6, alpha=.1)
LEVEL	levels of confidence bounds shown when plotting the ellipses. Default LEVEL = .95
pchplot	Default pchplot = 20
pchE11	pch for the ellipses. Default pchE11 = 19
pchP1	pch for the points representing the nodes. Default pchP1 = 19
cexP1	cex for the points representing the nodes. Default cexP1 = 1.1
arrowhead	logical, if the arrowed are to be plotted. Default arrowhead = FALSE
curve	curvature of edges. Default curve = 0
xlim	range for x
ylim	range for y
lwdLine	lwd of edges. Default lwdLine = .3
...	Arguments to be passed to methods, such as graphical parameters (see <a href="#">par</a> ).

**Value**

plot

**Examples**

```
attach(french)
b=aplsm(Niter=3,Y.i, Y.ia,D=2, type="DD")
Plotaplsm(Y.i, Y.ia, b)
```

---

Plotblsm

*Two dimensional plot of the Bipartite Latent Space Model*


---

**Description**

plot the latent space with two types of nodes and one type of relations

**Usage**

```
Plotblsm(
  Y.ia,
  model,
  labels = NULL,
  xlab = "",
  ylab = "",
  plottedges = TRUE,
```

```

edgecolor = "black",
colE11.i = rgb(0.6, 0.6, 0.6, alpha = 0.1),
colE11.ia = rgb(1, 0.6, 0.6, alpha = 0.1),
LEVEL = 0.8,
pchplot = 20,
pchE11 = 19,
pchP1 = 19,
cexP1 = 1.1,
arrowhead = FALSE,
curve = 0,
xlim = c(-2, 2),
ylim = c(-2, 2),
lwdLine = 0.001,
...
)

```

### Arguments

<code>Y.ia</code>	N by M matrix containing the binary multivariate attributes
<code>model</code>	model output from BLSM
<code>labels</code>	vector of characters containing the item names
<code>xlab</code>	name of the x axis
<code>ylab</code>	name of the y axis
<code>plotedges</code>	TRUE or FALSE, whether the bipartite edges should be plotted
<code>edgecolor</code>	color of the edge. Default <code>edgecolor = "black"</code>
<code>colE11.i</code>	col for the ellipses of persons. Default <code>rgb(.6, .6, .6, alpha=.1)</code>
<code>colE11.ia</code>	col for the ellipses of attributes Default <code>rgb(1, .6, .6, alpha=.1)</code>
<code>LEVEL</code>	levels of confidence bounds shown when plotting the ellipses. Default <code>LEVEL = .95</code>
<code>pchplot</code>	Default <code>pchplot = 20</code>
<code>pchE11</code>	pch for the ellipses. Default <code>pchE11 = 19</code>
<code>pchP1</code>	pch for the points representing the nodes. Default <code>pchP1 = 19</code>
<code>cexP1</code>	cex for the points representing the nodes. Default <code>cexP1 = 1.1</code>
<code>arrowhead</code>	logical, if the arrowed are to be plotted. Default <code>arrowhead = FALSE</code>
<code>curve</code>	curvature of edges. Default <code>curve = 0</code>
<code>xlim</code>	range for x
<code>ylim</code>	range for y
<code>lwdLine</code>	lwd of edges. Default <code>lwdLine = .3</code>
<code>...</code>	Arguments to be passed to methods, such as graphical parameters (see <a href="#">par</a> ).

### Value

`plot`



**Examples**

```
attach(french)
a=blsm(Niter=3,Y.ia,D=2)
Plotblsm(Y.ia, a)
```

---

Predictaplsm

*Predict from the APLSM*

---

**Description**

This function allows you to obtain the posterior edge values based on the APLSM

**Usage**

```
Predictaplsm(model, type)
```

**Arguments**

model	object of class the APLSM
type	character indicating the types of model. It could be "DD", distance by distance model, "DV", distance by vector model, "VV", vector by vector model

**Value**

list containing:

- est.P.i (N x N) matrix containing the predicted probabilities of an edge
- est.P.ia (N x M) matrix containing the predicted probabilities of an edge

**Examples**

```
attach(french)
b=aplsm(Niter=3,Y.i, Y.ia,D=2, type="DD")
Predictaplsm(b,"DD")
```

---

 Predictblsm

*Predict from BLSM model*


---

**Description**

This function allows you to obtain the posterior mean of the edges from the BLSM model

**Usage**

```
Predictblsm(model)
```

**Arguments**

model            object of class BLSM

**Value**

list containing:

- est.P.ia (N x M) matrix containing the predicted probabilities of an edge

**Examples**

```
attach(french)
a=blsm(Niter=5,Y.ia,D=2)
Predictblsm(a)
```

---

 Simulateaplsm

*Simulate from the APLSM*


---

**Description**

function to simulate networks from the APLSM

**Usage**

```
Simulateaplsm(model, type)
```

**Arguments**

model            object of class APlsm  
 type            character indicating the types of model. It could be "DD", distance by distance model, "DV", distance by vector model, "VV", vector by vector model

**Value**

list containing:

- $Y.i$  ( $N \times N$ ) matrix containing the simulated  $Y.i$
- $Y.ia$  ( $N \times M$ ) matrix containing the simulated  $Y.ia$

**Examples**

```
attach(french)
b=aplsm(Niter=3,Y.i, Y.ia,D=2, type="DD")
Simulateaplsm(b,"DD")
```

---

Simulateblsm

*Simulate from the BLSM model*

---

**Description**

function to simulate networks from the BLSM

**Usage**

```
Simulateblsm(model)
```

**Arguments**

model                    object of class BLSM

**Value**

list containing:

- $Y.ia$  ( $N \times M$ ) matrix containing the simulated  $Y.ia$

**Examples**

```
attach(french)
a=blsm(Niter=5,Y.ia,D=2)
Simulateblsm(a)
```

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