

# Package ‘loggit’

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**Title** Modern Logging for the R Ecosystem

**Description** An effortless 'ndjson' (newline-delimited 'JSON') logger, with two primary log-writing interfaces. It provides a set of wrappings for base R's `message()`, `warning()`, and `stop()` functions that maintain identical functionality, but also log the handler message to an 'ndjson' log file. 'loggit' also exports its internal `loggit()` function for powerful and configurable custom logging. No change in existing code is necessary to use this package, and should only require additions to fully leverage the power of the logging system. 'loggit' also provides a log reader for reading an 'ndjson' log file into a data frame, log rotation, and live echo of the 'ndjson' log messages to terminal 'stdout' for log capture by external systems (like containers). 'loggit' is ideal for Shiny apps, data pipelines, modeling work flows, and more. Please see the vignettes for detailed example use cases.

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**Author** Ryan Price [cre, aut]

**Maintainer** Ryan Price <ryapric@gmail.com>

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## Contents

get_logfile . . . . .	2
get_timestamp_format . . . . .	2
handlers . . . . .	3
loggit . . . . .	4
read_logs . . . . .	5
read_ndjson . . . . .	5
rotate_logs . . . . .	6
sanitizers . . . . .	7
set_logfile . . . . .	8
set_timestamp_format . . . . .	8
write_ndjson . . . . .	9

<b>Index</b>	<b>10</b>
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get_logfile	<i>Get Log File</i>
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### Description

Return the log file that loggit will write to.

### Usage

```
get_logfile()
```

### Examples

```
get_logfile()
```

---

get_timestamp_format	<i>Get Timestamp Format</i>
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### Description

Get timestamp format for use in output logs.

### Usage

```
get_timestamp_format()
```

### Examples

```
get_timestamp_format()
```

**Description**

These exception handlers are identical to base R's [message](#), [warning](#), and [stop](#), but with included logging of the exception messages via `loggit()`.

**Usage**

```
message(..., domain = NULL, appendLF = TRUE, .loggit = TRUE, echo = TRUE)
```

```
warning(
  ...,
  call. = TRUE,
  immediate. = FALSE,
  noBreaks. = FALSE,
  domain = NULL,
  .loggit = TRUE,
  echo = TRUE
)
```

```
stop(..., call. = TRUE, domain = NULL, .loggit = TRUE, echo = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

<code>...</code>	zero or more objects which can be coerced to character (and which are pasted together with no separator) or (for <code>message</code> only) a single condition object.
<code>domain</code>	see <a href="#">gettext</a> . If NA, messages will not be translated, see also the note in <a href="#">stop</a> .
<code>appendLF</code>	logical: should messages given as a character string have a newline appended?
<code>.loggit</code>	Should <code>loggit</code> function execute? Defaults to TRUE.
<code>echo</code>	Should <code>loggit</code> 's log entry be echoed to the console, as well? Defaults to TRUE.
<code>call.</code>	logical, indicating if the call should become part of the warning message.
<code>immediate.</code>	logical, indicating if the call should be output immediately, even if <code>getOption("warn") &lt;= 0</code> .
<code>noBreaks.</code>	logical, indicating as far as possible the message should be output as a single line when <code>options(warn = 1)</code> .

**Examples**

```
if (2 < 1) message("Don't say such silly things!")
```

```
if (2 < 1) warning("You may want to review that math, and so this is your warning")
```

```
if (2 < 1) stop("This is a completely false condition, which throws an error")
```

---

loggit

*Log entries to file*


---

### Description

This function executes immediately before the function definitions for the base handler functions ([message](#), [warning](#), and [stop](#), and logs their timestamped output (a bit more verbosely) to a log file. The log file is an [ndjson](#) file, which is a portable, JSON-based format that is easily parsed by many line-processing systems.

### Usage

```
loggit(log_lvl, log_msg, ..., echo = TRUE, custom_log_lvl = FALSE, sanitizer)
```

### Arguments

log_lvl	Level of log output. In actual practice, one of "DEBUG", "INFO", "WARN", and "ERROR" are common, but any string may be supplied if custom_log_lvl is TRUE. Will be coerced to class character.
log_msg	Main log message. Will be coerced to class character.
...	A named list or named vector (each element of length one) of other custom fields you wish to log. You do not need to explicitly provide these fields as a formal list or vector, as shown in the example; R handles the coercion.
echo	Should the log file entry be printed to the console as well? Defaults to TRUE, and will print out the ndjson line to be logged. This argument is passed as FALSE when called from loggit's handlers, since they still call base R's handlers at the end of execution, all of which print to the console as well.
custom_log_lvl	Allow log levels other than "DEBUG", "INFO", "WARN", and "ERROR"? Defaults to FALSE, to prevent possible typos by the developer, and to limit the variation in structured log contents. Overall, setting this to "TRUE" is not recommended, but is an option for consistency with other frameworks the user may work with.
sanitizer	Sanitizer function to run over elements in log data. The default sanitizer, if not specified, is <a href="#">default_ndjson_sanitizer()</a> . See the <a href="#">sanitizers</a> documentation for information on how to write your own (un)sanitizer functions.

### Examples

```
loggit("INFO", "This is a message", but_maybe = "you want more fields?",
sure = "why not?", like = 2, or = 10, what = "ever")
```

---

read_logs	<i>Return log file as an R data frame</i>
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**Description**

This function returns a `data.frame` containing all the logs in the provided ndjson log file. If no explicit log file is provided, calling this function will return a data frame of the log file currently pointed to by the `loggit` functions.

**Usage**

```
read_logs(logfile, unsanitizer)
```

**Arguments**

logfile	Path to log file. Will default to currently-set log file.
unsanitizer	Unsanitizer function to use. For more info on sanitizers, please see the <a href="#">sanitizers</a> section of the package documentation.

**Value**

A `data.frame`.

**Examples**

```
set_logfile(file.path(tempdir(), "loggit.log"), confirm = FALSE)
message("Test log message")
read_logs()
```

---

read_ndjson	<i>Read ndJSON-formatted log file</i>
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---

**Description**

Read ndJSON-formatted log file

**Usage**

```
read_ndjson(logfile, unsanitizer)
```

**Arguments**

logfile	Log file to read from, and convert to a <code>data.frame</code> .
unsanitizer	Unsanitizer function passed in from <a href="#">read_logs()</a> .

**Value**

A data.frame

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rotate_logs	<i>Rotate log file</i>
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**Description**

Truncates the log file to the line count provided as rotate\_lines.

**Usage**

```
rotate_logs(rotate_lines = 1e+05, logfile)
```

**Arguments**

rotate\_lines    The number of log entries to keep in the logfile. Defaults to 100,000.  
logfile         Log file to truncate. Defaults to the currently-configured log file.

**Details**

loggit makes no assumptions nor enforcement of calling this function; that is to say, the onus of log rotation is up to the developer. You

**Examples**

```
# Truncate "default" log file to 100 lines
set_logfile()
for (i in 1:150) {loggit("INFO", i, echo = FALSE)}
rotate_logs(100)

# Truncate a different log file to 250 lines
another_log <- file.path(tempdir(), "another.log")
set_logfile(another_log)
for (i in 1:300) {loggit("INFO", i, echo = FALSE)}
set_logfile() # clears pointer to other log file
rotate_logs(250, another_log)
```

---

 sanitizers

*Default sanitization for ndJSON.*


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## Description

This is the default ndJSON sanitizer function for log data being read into the R session by `read_logs()`. This type of function is needed because since `loggit` reimplements its own string-based JSON parser, and not a fancy one built from an AST or something, it's very easy to have bad patterns break your logs. You may also specify your own sanitizer function to pass to `loggit()`, which takes a single string and returns an (optionally-transformed) string, where each string is an individual element of the log data.

## Usage

```
default_ndjson_sanitizer(string, sanitize = TRUE)
```

```
default_ndjson_unsanitizer(string)
```

## Arguments

<code>string</code>	Each element of the log data to operate on. Note that this is <i>each element</i> , not each line in the logs. For example, each entry in the <code>log_msg</code> field across all logs will be sanitized/unsanitized individually. This is important because if writing your own sanitizer function, it must <b>take and return a single string</b> as its argument.
<code>sanitize</code>	Whether the operation will sanitize, or unsanitize the log data. Defaults to TRUE, for sanitization on write.

## Details

The default string patterns and their replacements are currently mapped as follows:

Character	Replacement in log file
{	__LEFTBRACE__
}	__RIGHTBRACE__
"	__DBLQUOTE__
,	__COMMA__
\r	__CR__
\n	__LF__

## Value

A single string.

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set_logfile	<i>Set Log File</i>
-------------	---------------------

---

**Description**

Set the log file that loggit will write to. No logs outside of a temporary directory will be written until this is set explicitly, as per CRAN policy. Therefore, the default behavior is to create a file named `loggit.log` in your system's temporary directory.

**Usage**

```
set_logfile(logfile = NULL, confirm = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

logfile	Full or relative path to log file. If not provided, will write to <code>&lt;tmpdir&gt;/loggit.log</code> .
confirm	Print confirmation of log file setting? Defaults to TRUE.

**Details**

A suggested use of this function would be to call it early, to log to the current working directory, as follows: `set_logfile(paste0(getwd(), "/loggit.log"))`. If you are using loggit in your package, you can wrap this function in `.onLoad()` so that the logfile is set when your package loads.

**Examples**

```
set_logfile(file.path(tempdir(), "loggit.log"))
```

---

set_timestamp_format	<i>Set Timestamp Format</i>
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**Description**

Set timestamp format for use in output logs. This function performs no time format validations, but will echo out the current time in the provided format for manual validation.

**Usage**

```
set_timestamp_format(ts_format = "%Y-%m-%dT%H:%M:%S%z", confirm = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

ts_format	ISO date format. Defaults to ISO-8601 (e.g. "2020-01-01T00:00:00+0000").
confirm	Print confirmation message of timestamp format? Defaults to TRUE.

**Details**

This function provides no means of setting a timezone, and instead relies on the host system's time configuration to provide this. This is to enforce consistency across software running on the host.

**Examples**

```
set_timestamp_format("%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S")
```

---

write_ndjson	<i>Write ndJSON-formatted log file</i>
--------------	--

---

**Description**

Write ndJSON-formatted log file

**Usage**

```
write_ndjson(log_df, logfile, echo = TRUE, overwrite = FALSE)
```

**Arguments**

log_df	Data frame of log data. Rows are converted to ndjson entries, with the columns as the fields.
logfile	Log file to write to. Defaults to currently-configured log file.
echo	Echo the ndjson entry to the R console? Defaults to TRUE.
overwrite	Overwrite previous log file data? Defaults to FALSE, and so will append new log entries to the log file.

# Index

`default_ndjson_sanitizer (sanitizers)`, 7  
`default_ndjson_sanitizer()`, 4  
`default_ndjson_unsanitizer (sanitizers)`, 7

`get_logfile`, 2  
`get_timestamp_format`, 2  
`getOption`, 3  
`gettext`, 3

`handlers`, 3

`loggit`, 4  
`loggit()`, 7

`message`, 3, 4  
`message (handlers)`, 3

`read_logs`, 5  
`read_logs()`, 5, 7  
`read_ndjson`, 5  
`rotate_logs`, 6

`sanitizers`, 4, 5, 7  
`set_logfile`, 8  
`set_timestamp_format`, 8  
`stop`, 3, 4  
`stop (handlers)`, 3

`warning`, 3, 4  
`warning (handlers)`, 3  
`write_ndjson`, 9