

Package ‘kalmanfilter’

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Type Package

Title Kalman Filter

Version 2.1.0

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Description 'Rcpp' implementation of the multivariate Kalman filter for state space models that can handle missing values and exogenous data in the observation and state equations. There is also a function to handle time varying parameters.
Kim, Chang-Jin and Charles R. Nelson (1999) ``State-Space Models with Regime Switching: Classical and Gibbs-Sampling Approaches with Applications" <<http://econ.korea.ac.kr/~cjkim/doi:10.7551/mitpress/6444.001.0001>><<http://econ.korea.ac.kr/~cjkim/>>.

License GPL (>= 2)

Imports Rcpp (>= 1.0.9)

LinkingTo Rcpp, RcppArmadillo

RoxygenNote 7.2.3

Suggests data.table (>= 1.14.2), maxLik (>= 1.5-2), ggplot2 (>= 3.3.6), gridExtra (>= 2.3), knitr, rmarkdown, testthat

VignetteBuilder knitr

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NeedsCompilation yes

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Depends R (>= 3.5.0)

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contains	<i>Check if list contains a name</i>
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Description

Check if list contains a name

Usage

contains(s, L)

Arguments

s	a string name
L	a list object

Value

boolean

gen_inv	<i>Generalized matrix inverse</i>
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Description

Generalized matrix inverse

Usage

gen_inv(m)

Arguments

m	matrix
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Value

matrix inverse of m

 kalman_filter

Kalman Filter

Description

Kalman Filter

Usage

```
kalman_filter(ssm, yt, Xo = NULL, Xs = NULL, weight = NULL, smooth = FALSE)
```

Arguments

ssm	list describing the state space model, must include names B0 - $N_b \times 1$ matrix (or array of length yt), initial guess for the unobserved components P0 - $N_b \times N_b$ matrix (or array of length yt), initial guess for the covariance matrix of the unobserved components Dm - $N_b \times 1$ matrix (or array of length yt), constant matrix for the state equation Am - $N_y \times 1$ matrix (or array of length yt), constant matrix for the observation equation Fm - $N_b \times p$ matrix (or array of length yt), state transition matrix Hm - $N_y \times N_b$ matrix (or array of length yt), observation matrix Qm - $N_b \times N_b$ matrix (or array of length yt), state error covariance matrix Rm - $N_y \times N_y$ matrix (or array of length yt), state error covariance matrix betaO - $N_y \times N_o$ matrix (or array of length yt), coefficient matrix for the observation exogenous data betaS - $N_b \times N_s$ matrix (or array of length yt), coefficient matrix for the state exogenous data
yt	$N \times T$ matrix of data
Xo	$N_o \times T$ matrix of exogenous observation data
Xs	$N_s \times T$ matrix of exogenous state
weight	column matrix of weights, $T \times 1$
smooth	boolean indication whether to run the backwards smoother

Value

list of cubes and matrices output by the Kalman filter

Examples

```
## Not run:
#Stock and Watson Markov switching dynamic common factor
library(kalmanfilter)
library(data.table)
data(sw_dcf)
data = sw_dcf[, colnames(sw_dcf) != "dcoinc", with = FALSE]
vars = colnames(data)[colnames(data) != "date"]

#Set up the state space model
ssm = list()
```

```

ssm[["Fm"]] = rbind(c(0.8760, -0.2171, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0),
                    c(1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0),
                    c(0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0),
                    c(0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0),
                    c(0, 0, 0, 0, 0.0364, -0.0008, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0),
                    c(0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0),
                    c(0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, -0.2965, -0.0657, 0, 0, 0, 0),
                    c(0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0),
                    c(0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, -0.3959, -0.1903, 0, 0),
                    c(0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0),
                    c(0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, -0.2436, 0.1281),
                    c(0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0))
ssm[["Fm"]] = array(ssm[["Fm"]], dim = c(dim(ssm[["Fm"]]), 2))
ssm[["Dm"]] = matrix(c(-1.5700, rep(0, 11)), nrow = nrow(ssm[["Fm"]]), ncol = 1)
ssm[["Dm"]] = array(ssm[["Dm"]], dim = c(dim(ssm[["Dm"]]), 2))
ssm[["Dm"]][1,, 2] = 0.2802
ssm[["Qm"]] = diag(c(1, 0, 0, 0, 0.0001, 0, 0.0001, 0, 0.0001, 0, 0.0001, 0))
ssm[["Qm"]] = array(ssm[["Qm"]], dim = c(dim(ssm[["Qm"]]), 2))
ssm[["Hm"]] = rbind(c(0.0058, -0.0033, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0),
                    c(0.0011, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0),
                    c(0.0051, -0.0033, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0),
                    c(0.0012, -0.0005, 0.0001, 0.0002, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0))
ssm[["Hm"]] = array(ssm[["Hm"]], dim = c(dim(ssm[["Hm"]]), 2))
ssm[["Am"]] = matrix(0, nrow = nrow(ssm[["Hm"]]), ncol = 1)
ssm[["Am"]] = array(ssm[["Am"]], dim = c(dim(ssm[["Am"]]), 2))
ssm[["Rm"]] = matrix(0, nrow = nrow(ssm[["Am"]]), ncol = nrow(ssm[["Am"]]))
ssm[["Rm"]] = array(ssm[["Rm"]], dim = c(dim(ssm[["Rm"]]), 2))
ssm[["B0"]] = matrix(c(rep(-4.60278, 4), 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0),
                    c(rep(0.82146, 4), 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0))
ssm[["B0"]] = array(ssm[["B0"]], dim = c(dim(ssm[["B0"]]), 2))
ssm[["B0"]][1:4,, 2] = rep(0.82146, 4)
ssm[["P0"]] = rbind(c(2.1775, 1.5672, 0.9002, 0.4483, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0),
                    c(1.5672, 2.1775, 1.5672, 0.9002, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0),
                    c(0.9002, 1.5672, 2.1775, 1.5672, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0),
                    c(0.4483, 0.9002, 1.5672, 2.1775, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0),
                    c(0, 0, 0, 0, 0.0001, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0),
                    c(0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0.0001, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0),
                    c(0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0.0001, -0.0001, 0, 0, 0, 0),
                    c(0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, -0.0001, 0.0001, 0, 0, 0, 0),
                    c(0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0.0001, -0.0001, 0, 0),
                    c(0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, -0.0001, 0.0001, 0, 0),
                    c(0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0.0001, -0.0001),
                    c(0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, -0.0001, 0.0001))
ssm[["P0"]] = array(ssm[["P0"]], dim = c(dim(ssm[["P0"]]), 2))

#Log, difference and standardize the data
data[, c(vars) := lapply(.SD, log), .SDcols = c(vars)]
data[, c(vars) := lapply(.SD, function(x){
  x - shift(x, type = "lag", n = 1)
}), .SDcols = c(vars)]
data[, c(vars) := lapply(.SD, scale), .SDcols = c(vars)]

#Convert the data to an NxT matrix
yt = t(data[, c(vars), with = FALSE])

```

```

kf = kalman_filter(ssm, yt, smooth = TRUE)

## End(Not run)

```

```

kalman_filter_cpp      Kalman Filter

```

Description

Kalman Filter

Usage

```

kalman_filter_cpp(ssm, yt, Xo = NULL, Xs = NULL, weight = NULL, smooth = FALSE)

```

Arguments

ssm	list describing the state space model, must include names B0 - $N_b \times 1$ matrix, initial guess for the unobserved components P0 - $N_b \times N_b$ matrix, initial guess for the covariance matrix of the unobserved components Dm - $N_b \times 1$ matrix, constant matrix for the state equation Am - $N_y \times 1$ matrix, constant matrix for the observation equation Fm - $N_b \times p$ matrix, state transition matrix Hm - $N_y \times N_b$ matrix, observation matrix Qm - $N_b \times N_b$ matrix, state error covariance matrix Rm - $N_y \times N_y$ matrix, state error covariance matrix betaO - $N_y \times N_o$ matrix, coefficient matrix for the observation exogenous data betaS - $N_b \times N_s$ matrix, coefficient matrix for the state exogenous data
yt	$N \times T$ matrix of data
Xo	$N_o \times T$ matrix of exogenous observation data
Xs	$N_s \times T$ matrix of exogenous state
weight	column matrix of weights, $T \times 1$
smooth	boolean indication whether to run the backwards smoother

Value

list of matrices and cubes output by the Kalman filter

Examples

```

#Nelson-Siegel dynamic factor yield curve
library(kalmanfilter)
library(data.table)
data(treasuries)
tau = unique(treasuries$maturity)

#Set up the state space model
ssm = list()
ssm[["Fm"]] = rbind(c(0.9720, -0.0209, -0.0061),

```

```

      c(0.1009 , 0.8189, -0.1446),
      c(-0.1226, 0.0192, 0.8808))
ssm[["Dm"]] = matrix(c(0.1234, -0.2285, 0.2020), nrow = nrow(ssm[["Fm"]]), ncol = 1)
ssm[["Qm"]] = rbind(c(0.1017, 0.0937, 0.0303),
                    c(0.0937, 0.2267, 0.0351),
                    c(0.0303, 0.0351, 0.7964))
ssm[["Hm"]] = cbind(rep(1, 11),
                    -(1 - exp(-tau*0.0423))/(tau*0.0423),
                    (1 - exp(-tau*0.0423))/(tau*0.0423) - exp(-tau*0.0423))
ssm[["Am"]] = matrix(0, nrow = length(tau), ncol = 1)
ssm[["Rm"]] = diag(c(0.0087, 0, 0.0145, 0.0233, 0.0176, 0.0073,
                    0, 0.0016, 0.0035, 0.0207, 0.0210))
ssm[["B0"]] = matrix(c(5.9030, -0.7090, 0.8690), nrow = nrow(ssm[["Fm"]]), ncol = 1)
ssm[["P0"]] = diag(rep(0.0001, nrow(ssm[["Fm"]])))

#Convert to an NxT matrix
yt = dcast(treasuries, "date ~ maturity", value.var = "value")
yt = t(yt[, 2:ncol(yt)])
kf = kalman_filter(ssm, yt, smooth = TRUE)

```

Rginv

R's implementation of the Moore-Penrose pseudo matrix inverse

Description

R's implementation of the Moore-Penrose pseudo matrix inverse

Usage

```
Rginv(m)
```

Arguments

m matrix

Value

matrix inverse of m

`sw_dcf`*Stock and Watson Dynamic Common Factor Data Set*

Description

Stock and Watson Dynamic Common Factor Data Set

Usage`data(sw_dcf)`**Format**

`data.table` with columns `DATE`, `VARIABLE`, `VALUE`, and `MATURITY` The data is monthly frequency with variables `ip` (industrial production), `gmyxpg` (total personal income less transfer payments in 1987 dollars), `mtq` (total manufacturing and trade sales in 1987 dollars), `lpnag` (employees on non-agricultural payrolls), and `dcoinc` (the coincident economic indicator)

Source

Kim, Chang-Jin and Charles R. Nelson (1999) "State-Space Models with Regime Switching: Classical and Gibbs-Sampling Approaches with Applications" <doi:10.7551/mitpress/6444.001.0001><<http://econ.korea.ac.kr/~c>

`treasuries`*Treasuries*

Description

Treasuries

Usage`data(treasuries)`**Format**

`data.table` with columns `DATE`, `VARIABLE`, `VALUE`, and `MATURITY` The data is quarterly frequency with variables `DGS1MO`, `DGS3MO`, `DGS6MO`, `DGS1`, `DGS2`, `DGS3`, `DGS5`, `DGS7`, `DGS10`, `DGS20`, and `DGS30`

Source

FRED

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